Description WBRGGGPGT/FTO 08 DEC 2005

Motorcycle

Technical Field

[0001] The present invention relates to a motorcycle, and more particularly to a housing structure for a lock arm for theft prevention.

Background Art

[0002] In a motorcycle, from the viewpoint of realizing theft prevention when the motorcycle is parked, a locking device for locking a wheel is often provided in a body frame. As the locking device of this type, for example, a locking device including a U-shaped lock arm and a lock body, which closes a space between tips of the lock arm, is generally used. When such a locking device is housed in a vehicle [0003] body, it is desirable to house the locking device below a seat that is constituted to be openable and closable by a key. Therefore, there is proposed a motorcycle in which the locking device is housed, for example, on an upper surface of a rear fender below the seat or housed between left and right seat rails below the seat (see, for example, patent documents 1 and 2).

Patent document 1 JP-A-7-329847

Patent document 2 JP-A-9-58548

Disclosure of the Invention

Problems that the Invention is to solve

[0004] However, when the locking device is simply arranged below the seat as described above, it is apprehended that, depending on an arrangement position thereof, a seat height is increased to deteriorate feet placing property or thickness of a seat cushion is reduced to deteriorate seating comfortableness.

[0005] It is conceivable to secure both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness by housing the locking device in a position as low as possible below the seat. However, if the locking device is arranged in a low position below the seat, since the locking device tends to interfere with components of the vehicle body such as a rear cushion unit, eventually, it is difficult to secure a housing space.

[0006] The invention has been devised in view of the circumstances in the past and it is an object of the invention to provide a motorcycle that can realize both feet placing property and seating comfortableness and secure a housing space for the locking device without interfering with components of a vehicle body in housing the locking device below the seat.

Means for solving the Problems

[0007] An invention of claim 1 is characterized by including: a rear arm, at one end of which a rear wheel is axially supported and the other end of which is pivotally supported by a body frame via a pivotally supporting shaft; a cushion unit interposed between the rear arm and the body frame so as

to be located between the pivotally supporting shaft and the rear wheel; and a lock arm placing unit that houses a lock arm for theft prevention having left and right arm sections and a bent section coupling ends of the left and right arm sections each other, and in that the lock arm placing section is constituted to house the lock arm in a state in which the left and right arm sections of the lock arm are located on both sides of the cushion unit.

[0008] An invention of claim 2 is characterized in that, in claim 1, the lock arm placing section is constituted to house the lock arm in a state in which the left and right arm sections are located on both left and right sides in a vehicle width direction of the cushion unit and extend in a front-to-rear direction of the vehicle.

[0009] An invention in claim 3 is characterized in that, in claim 2, the lock arm placing section is constituted to house the lock arm in a state in which the lock arm is slanted down forward in the front-to-rear direction of the vehicle and one of the left and right arm sections is located in a position lower than the other.

[0010] An invention of claim 4 is characterized in that, in any one of claims 1 to 3, a lock body, which fixes the lock arm in the lock arm placing section, is arranged between the cushion unit and the bent section of the lock arm.

[0011] An invention of claim 5 is characterized in that,

in claim 1, the lock arm placing section is formed on an upper surface of a mud guard disposed above the rear wheel.

[0012] An invention of claim 6 is characterized in that, in claim 1, the lock arm placing section is arranged between a muffler arranged on a lower side of a seat for a tandem rider and the cushion unit.

[0013] An invention of claim 7 is characterized in that, in claim 6, a shielding section for shielding heat from the muffler is integrally formed in the lock arm placing section.

[0014] An invention of claim 8 is characterized in that, in any one of claims 1 to 3, the lock arm placing section is arranged below a cross member that couples left and right seat rails, which support a seat, each other and supports the cushion unit.

[0015] An invention of claim 9 is characterized by including: a seat arranged above a rear wheel; a muffler of an exhaust system arranged between the seat and the rear wheel; and a lock arm placing section that houses a lock arm for theft prevention having left and right arm sections and a bent section coupling ends of the left and right arm sections each other, and in that the lock arm placing section is arranged under the seat and near the front of the muffler.

[0016] An invention of claim 10 is characterized in that, in claim 9, an exhaust pipe, which leads to the muffler and is disposed in a vehicle width direction in parallel to the

lock arm placing section, is provided, the exhaust pipe is displaced to one side in the vehicle width direction from a width direction center line of the vehicle in a section where the exhaust pipe and the lock arm placing sections are disposed in parallel in the vehicle width direction, and the lock arm placing section is constituted to house the lock arm in a state in which the center line in the vehicle width direction of the lock arm is displaced to the other side in the vehicle width direction from the center line of the vehicle.

[0017] An invention of claim 11 is characterized in that, in claim 10, a connecting section of the exhaust pipe and the muffler is displaced to one side in the vehicle width direction from in the width direction center line of the vehicle.

[0018] An invention of claim 12 is characterized by including: a pair of left and right seat rails supporting a seat; and a lock arm placing section that houses a lock arm for theft prevention having left and right arm sections and a bent section coupling ends of the left and right arm sections each other, and in that the seat rails have a first portion located near a front end of the seat and a second portion located further in the rear in a front-to-rear direction of the vehicle than the first portion and having a vehicle width direction interval larger than that of the first portion, and the lock arm placing section is constituted to house the lock arm in a state in which the left and right arm sections of the lock

arm extend upward to the rear in the front-to-rear direction of the vehicle in a state in which the left and right arm sections are arranged in the vehicle width direction, the bent section is located in the rear in the front-to-rear direction of the vehicle, one arm section passes below a space between the first portion and the second portion of the seat rails in a plan view, and a tip of the one arm section is located further on an outer side than the first portion and further on an inner side than the second portion in the vehicle width direction.

[0019] An invention of claim 13 is characterized in that, in claim 12, the lock arm placing section is constituted to slant and house the lock arm such that the one arm section is located in a position lower than the other arm section.

Advantage of the Invention

[0020] According to the invention of claim 1, the lock arm placing section is constituted to house the lock arm in a state in which the left and right arm sections are located on both the side of the cushion unit. Thus, it is possible to house the lock arm in a low position below the seat without interfering with the cushion unit. This makes it possible to house the lock arm without increasing a seat height or reducing thickness of the seat cushion and secure both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness.

[0021] In the invention of claim 2, the lock arm is housed in a state in which the left and right arm sections are located

on the left and right sides in the vehicle width direction of the cushion unit and extend in the front-to-rear direction of the vehicle. Thus, it is possible to house the lock arm in a small space below the seat compactly.

[0022] In the invention of claim 3, the lock arm is arranged to be slanted down forward. Thus, it is possible to set and remove the lock arm easily while preventing interference with the rear wheel. In addition, the one arm section is slanted to be located in a position lower than the other arm section. Thus, it is possible to reduce a housing dimension in the vehicle width direction of the lock arm.

[0023] In the invention of claim 4, the lock body is arranged between the cushion unit and the bent section of the lock arm. Thus, it is possible to house the lock body using a free space in the lock arm effectively.

[0024] In the invention of claim 5, the lock arm placing section is arranged on the upper surface of the mud guard disposed above the rear wheel. Thus, it is possible to form the lock arm placing section using the existing mud guard effectively and prevent an increase in the number of components compared with the case in which a placing section is formed separately.

[0025] In the invention of claim 6, the muffler is arranged on a lower side of the seat for a tandem rider and the lock arm placing section is arranged between the muffler

and the cushion unit. Thus, it is possible to secure a housing space in housing the lock arm in a so-called up-muffler type vehicle. In addition, it is possible to avoid thermal damage from the muffler.

[0026] In addition, the lock arm and the muffler are arranged side by side lengthwise below the seat and never overlap each other. Thus, it is impossible that a seat height increases to deteriorate the feet placing property or thickness of the seat cushion decreases to deteriorate the seating comfortableness. As a result, it is possible to realize both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness.

[0027] In the invention of claim 7, the shielding section for shielding exhaust heat from the muffler is integrally formed in the lock arm placing section. Thus, it is possible to avoid thermal damage from the muffler surely without increasing the number of components.

[0028] In the invention of claim 8, the lock arm placing section is arranged below the cross member that couples the left and right seat rails and supports the upper end of the cushion unit. Thus, it is possible to arrange the lock arm placing section using a space, which is generated in order to support the upper end of the cushion unit, effectively.

[0029] According to the invention of claim 9, the lock arm and the muffler are arranged side by side lengthwise below the seat and never overlap each other. Thus, it is impossible

that a seat height increases to deteriorate the feet placing property or thickness of the seat cushion decreases to deteriorate the seating comfortableness. It is possible to realize both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness. In addition, since the lock arm and the muffler are arranged side by side lengthwise, it is possible to secure a capacity of the muffler without increasing a vehicle width. Moreover, the muffler is located behind the lock arm placing section. Thus, in constituting a structure for exhausting exhaust gas, it is unnecessary to take into account interference with the lock arm placing section. Therefore, it is possible to simplify the structure for exhausting exhaust gas while adopting the structure in which the lock arm and the muffler are arranged side by side lengthwise.

[0030] According to the invention of claim 10, the exhaust pipe is displaced to one side of the vehicle body center line and the lock arm placing section is constituted to displace the lock arm to the other side and house the lock arm. Thus, it is possible to house the lock arm below the seat without increasing a seat height or increasing a vehicle width.

[0031] According to the invention of claim 11, the connecting section of the exhaust pipe and the muffler is displaced to one side of the width direction center line of the vehicle body. Thus, it is easy to secure a space for the lock arm placing section.

[0032] According to the invention of claim 12, the lock arm is housed such that one arm section passes below a space between the first portion and the second portion of the seat rails in a plan view and a tip of the one arm section is located further on an outer side than the first portion and further on an inner side than the second portion in the vehicle width direction. Since the lock arm is housed in a low position below the seat rails in this way, it is possible to house the lock arm without increasing width of the seat rails as well as a vehicle width and secure the feet placing property. In this case, although the lock arm is located further on the outer side in the vehicle width direction than the first portion of the seat rails, the feet placing property is affected less because the lock arm is housed in a low position.

[0033] According to the invention of claim 13, it is possible to reduce a housing space because the lock arm is slanted in the vehicle width direction.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0034] [Fig. 1] Fig. 1 is a side view of a motorcycle in which a locking device according to an embodiment of the invention is disposed.

[Fig. 2] Fig. 2 is a plan view around a rear arm of the motorcycle.

[Fig. 3] Fig. 3 is a side view around the rear arm.

[Fig. 4] Fig. 4 is a plan view of a housing structure

for the locking device.

[Fig. 5] Fig. 5 is a side view of the housing structure for the locking device.

[Fig. 6] Fig. 6 is a plan view of a mud guard in which the locking device is housed.

[Fig. 7] Fig. 7 is a front view of the mud guard.

[Fig. 8] Fig. 8 is a side view of the mud quard.

[Fig. 9] Fig. 9 is a sectional rear view of the mud guard (a sectional view along line IX-IX in Fig. 8).

[Fig. 10] Fig. 10 is a sectional rear view of the mud quard (a sectional view along line X-X in Fig. 8).

[Fig. 11] Fig. 11 is a sectional rear view of the mud guard (a sectional view along line XI-XI in Fig. 8).

[Fig. 12] Fig. 12 is a sectional front view of the mud guard (a sectional view along line XII-XII in Fig. 8).

Description of Reference Numerals and Signs

- [0035] 1 Motorcycle
 - 2 Body frame
 - 6 Seat rails
 - 7 Back stays
 - 10 Seat
 - 10b Rear seat section (Seat for a tandem rider)
 - 14 Rear arms
 - 15 Pivot shaft (Pivotally supporting section)
 - 16 Rear wheel

- 18 Rear fender
- 19 Mud guard
- 19a Housing section
- 25 Cross member
- 30 Cushion unit
- 36 Muffler
- 40 Locking device
- 41 Lock arm
- 41a Left arm section
- 41b Right arm section
- 41c Bent section
- 42 Lock body
- 48 Side cover
- 49 Shielding section

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

[0036] An embodiment of the invention will be hereinafter explained on the basis of the attached drawings.

[0037] Figs. 1 to 12 are diagrams for explaining a locking device housing structure for a motorcycle according to an embodiment of the invention. Fig. 1 is a side view of the motorcycle, Figs. 2 and 3 are a plan view and a side view around rear arms, Figs. 4 and 5 are a plan view and a side view of the locking device housing structure, Figs. 6, 7, and 8 are a plan view, a front view, and a side view of a mud guard, Figs. 9 to 12 are sectional views along line IX-IX, line X-X, line

XI-XI, and line XII-XII in Fig. 8, respectively. Note that the front and the rear and the left and the right referred to in this embodiment mean the front and the rear and the left and the right viewed from a rider in a state in which the rider sits on a seat.

In the figures, reference numeral 1 denotes a motorcycle. A body frame 2 of the motorcycle 1 has a schematic structure described below. Rear arm brackets 5, 5 extending downward substantially vertically are integrally formed at rear ends of a pair of left and right tank rails 4, 4 extending obliquely downward to the rear of the vehicle from a not-shown head pipe, left and right seat rails 6, 6 extending obliquely upward to the rear of the vehicle are bolted to be fixed to a triangular bracket section 4a formed at the rear ends of the left and right tank rails 4, and upper portions of the left and right seat rails 6, 6 are coupled by back stays 7, 7 slanting down forward.

[0039] A four-cycle parallel four-cylinder engine 8 is mounted below the left and right tank rails 4 and a fuel tank 9 is mounted above the left and right tank rails 4. A seat 10 is mounted the left and right seat rails 6, 6 behind the fuel tank 9. This seat has a front seat section 10a and a rear seat section 10b for a tandem rider located in a higher position than the front seat section 10a. This seat 10 has a structure

in which a cushion member 21 is disposed in a bottom plate 20 and a surface of the cushion member 21 is covered with a skin 22.

A front fork 11 pivotally supported by a head pipe [0040] is disposed at a front end of the body frame 2. A steering handlebar 12 is fixed to an upper end of the front fork 11 and a front wheel 13 is pivotally supported at a lower end thereof. [0041] Rear arms 14 are pivotally supported by the left and right rear arm brackets 5, 5 so as to vertically swing freely around a pivot shaft 15. A rear wheel 16 is axially supported at rear ends of the rear arms 14. Left and right rear arm sections 14a, 14a of the rear arms 14 are coupled by a cross member 17. An upper portion of the rear wheel 16 is covered with a rear fender 18. The rear fender 18 is attached and fixed to the rear arms 14 so as to be capable of moving vertically with the rear wheel 16. Note that reference sign 8a denotes a driving sprocket fastened to an output shaft 8b of the engine 8 and reference numeral 23 denotes a driven sprocket fastened to the rear wheel 16. Both the sprockets 8a and 23 are coupled

[0042] A mud guard 19 made of resin is disposed on a front side of the rear fender 18 in a front upper portion of the rear wheel 16. This mud guard 19 is disposed to be mainly located below the front seat section 10a to prevent mud water splashed by the rear wheel 16 from sticking to a bottom surface of the

by a chain 24 (see Figs. 1 and 3).

sheet 10.

The left and right seat rails 6, 6 have a front [0043] section (a first portion) 6b located near a front end of the seat and a center section (a second portion) 6c located on a rear side closer to the front section 6b and having an interval in a vehicle width direction set larger than that of the front The front sections 6b, 6b are coupled by a section 6b. rectangular cylindrical cross member 25. Rear sections 6d, 6d following the center section 6c are coupled by a cross member 26 made of sheet metal. A hook section 20a at a front end of the seat 10 is inserted into a bracket 27 attached and fixed to the cross member 25 on the front side, whereby the seat 10 is supported by the bracket 27. A locking mechanism (not shown) for locking the seat 10 is attached to the cross member 26 at the rear portions. A key cylinder 28 (see Fig. 1) is coupled to this locking mechanism via a cable such that lock of the seat 10 is released by performing key operation.

[0044] A cushion unit 30 is interposed between the cross member 25 on the front side of the seat rails 6 and the cross member 17 of the rear arms 14. An upper boss section 30a of the cushion unit 30 is coupled to a bracket 25a fastened to a lower surface of the cross member 25 and a lower boss section 30b thereof is coupled to the cross member 17. This cushion unit 30 has a structure in which a coil spring 32 is mounted on an outer periphery of a damper 31 and a spring

characteristics adjusting mechanism (not shown) is arranged at an upper end of the damper 31.

[0045] The cushion unit 30 is arranged to be displaced to a left side in a vehicle width direction from a center line C in the vehicle width direction viewed on a plane and is arranged to be located between the pivot shaft 15, which is a pivotally supporting section of the rear arms 14, and the front edge of the rear wheel 16 viewed from a side.

Four exhaust pipes 35 are connected to a not-shown exhaust port in a front wall of the engine 8. The respective exhaust pipes 35 extend downward from the exhaust port, then, extend below the engine 8 over to the rear of the engine 8, and merge into one merged pipe 35b at a merging section 35a. The merged pipe 35b extends upward along a rear side of the rear arm bracket 5 and through a space between the rear arms 14. Moreover, the merged pipe 35b extends backward from a position near an upper end of the rear arm bracket 5 along an inner side of the seat rail 6 on the right side. A muffler 36 is connected to a rear end of the merged pipe 35b. This muffler 36 is arranged on a lower side of the rear seat section 10b.

[0047] A locking device 40 for locking the front wheel
13 or the rear wheel 16 is housed in the body frame 2. This
locking device 40 includes a U-shaped lock arm 41 and a lock
body 42 that closes a space between tips of left and right arm

sections 41a and 41b of the lock arm 41. The lock arm 41 is mounted on a wheel and the lock body 42 is engaged with the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b, whereby the wheel is locked. The lock is released by inserting a key (not shown) into the lock body 42 and turning the key.

[0048] A housing section (a lock arm placing section) 19a for placing the lock arm 41 and the lock body 42 to thereby house the lock arm 41 and the lock body 42 below the seat is integrally formed on an upper surface of the mud guard 19. This housing section 19a includes a body section 45 of substantially a rectangular box shape opening upward and left and right legs 46 and 47 extending forward from the body section 45 so as to be located on left and right sides across an upper end of the cushion unit 30.

An attachment flange 45a and attachment pieces 45b and 45c are formed at a rear edge and left and right outer edges of the body section 45, respectively. This attachment flange 45a is bolted to be fixed to the cross member 26 at the rear portions. The attachment piece 45b on the left side and the attachment piece 45c on the right side are bolted to be fixed to a back stay 7 and the cross member 25 on the front side, respectively, via a bracket and the like.

[0050] A cylinder mounting hole 45e for mounting the key cylinder 28 is formed in a left side wall section 45d of the body section 45. As shown in Figs. 1 and 8, a part of the left

side wall section 45d including this cylinder mounting hole 45e is exposed to the outside from a space between a lower edge of a side cover 48, which is disposed to cover left and right lower sides of the seat 10, and an upper edge of the back stay 7. A pattern is formed by embossing in the exposed portion.

[0051] A stepped section 46a is formed in a front side of the left side leg 46. A gap A is formed between the lower edge of the side cover 48 and the leg 46 by the stepped section 46a (see Figs. 1 and 8). This gap A is located in a portion of the cushion unit 30 facing the spring characteristics adjusting mechanism such that a tool or the like can be inserted from the gap A to adjust spring characteristics of the cushion unit 30.

[0052] A shielding section 49 is integrally formed to swell at a right edge of the body section 45. This shielding section 49 covers an inner side of a downstream end of the merged pipe 35b. A recess for work 47a is cut out to be formed in the right side leg 47. The recess for work 47a is located in a portion of the cushion unit 30 facing the upper boss section 30a. Attachment, maintenance, or the like of the cushion unit 30 can be performed in an assembly line by inserting a tool from this recess 47a.

[0053] Two sets of engagement hook sections, namely, a pair of left and right engagement hook sections 45f, 45f and 45g, 45g are erected to be formed at a bottom of the body section

45. Fixing bands 50, 51 are laid over and engaged with the left and right engagement hooks 45f, 45f and 45g, 45g, whereby the lock arm 41 and the lock body 42 are fixed (see Fig. 4).

[0054] Viewed from the side of the vehicle, the housing section 19a has a structure in which the housing section 19a is formed to fall forward as a whole and is slanted in the vehicle width direction such that the left side leg 46 is located in a position lower than the right side leg 47. An R-shaped relief recess 47b swelling downward is formed at a bottom of the right side leg 47 (see Figs. 8 and 12). This makes it possible to insert the lock arm 41 into the housing section 19a at an angle

with respect to the housing section 19a.

[0055] In the body section 45, a bent section placing section 45h, on which a bent section 41c of the lock arm 41 is placed and a body placing section 45i, on which the lock body 42 is placed, are formed. This body placing section 45i is formed in a section surrounded by the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b and the bent section 41c. Left and right arm placing sections 46d and 47d of a groove shape, on which the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b are placed, are formed in the left and right legs 46 and 47, respectively.

[0056] In order to house the locking device 40, a key is inserted into the key cylinder 28 to release lock of the seat 10 and open the seat 10. The lock arm 41 is inserted down forward from the rear of the seat 10 such that the left and

right arm sections 41a and 41b thereof face forward, and the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b are placed on the arm placing sections 46d and 47d, respectively. At the same time, the bent section 41c is placed on the bent section placing section 45h and the lock body 42 is placed on the body placing section 45i. Next, the fixing band 50 is laid over the left and right engagement hooks 45f, 45f, whereby the lock arm 41 and the lock body 42 are fixed. In addition, a tool T is placed to be located on a lower side of the right lock arm 41b and a fixing band 51 is laid over the engagement hooks 45g, 45g, whereby the tool T is fixed.

shown in Fig. 6, a tip of the right arm section 41b of the lock arm 41 engages with an engagement hole C formed in the right leg 47. The left arm section 41a and the bent section 41c of the lock arm 41 are pressed by shaded sections B and A shown in the figure, respectively. Note that it is also possible that an engagement section C' of a cap shape shown in Fig. 4 is provided instead of the engagement hole C and the tip of the right arm section 41b is engaged with this engagement section C'. The lock arm 41 is arranged toward the front-to-rear direction of the vehicle such that the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b are located on left and right sides across the cushion unit 30 and is arranged to be slanted down forward and slanted in the vehicle width direction such

that the left arm section 41a is located in a position lower than the right arm section 41b. In addition, most of the lock arm 41 is arranged between the cushion unit 30 and the muffler 36.

[0058] The left arm section 41a is arranged to project forward through a lower side between the front section 6b and the center section 6c of the seat rail 6. A front end of the left arm section 41a is located further on the outer side in the vehicle width direction than the front section 6b of the seat rail 6 and further on the inner side in the vehicle width direction than the center section 6c of the seat rail 6.

[0059] The lock body 42 is arranged in a section surrounded by the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b and the bent section 41c of the lock arm 41.

[0060] In this way, according to the housing structure in this embodiment, the lock arm 41 is arranged such that the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b thereof face the front-to-rear direction of the vehicle and is arranged such that the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b are located on the left and right sides across the cushion unit 30. Thus, it is possible to house the lock arm 41 in a low position on the front side of the vehicle below the seat section 10a without interfering with the cushion unit 30. This makes it possible to house the locking device 40 without increasing height of the seat 10 and reducing thickness of the seat cushion 21 and

secure both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness.

[0061] In this embodiment, the lock arm 41 is arranged to be slanted down forward. Thus, it is possible to set and remove the lock arm 41 easily while preventing interference with the rear wheel 16. In addition, the left arm section 41a located on the displaced side of the cushion unit 30 is slanted in the vehicle direction to be located in a position lower than the right arm section 41b. Thus, it is possible to reduce a dimension in a vehicle width direction of the housing section 19a while avoiding interference with the cushion unit 30.

[0062] In this embodiment, the lock body 42 is arranged between the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b and the bent section 41c of the lock arm 41. Thus, it is possible to house the lock body 42 using the free space between the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b effectively.

[0063] In this embodiment, the housing section 19a for housing the lock arm 41 and the lock body 42 is formed on the upper surface of the mud guard 19 disposed in front above the rear wheel 16. Thus, it is possible to form the housing section 19a using the existing mud guard 19 effectively and prevent an increase in the number of components compared with the case in which a housing section is formed separately.

[0064] The stepped portion 46a is formed in the left side leg 46 of the housing section 19a, whereby the gap A for

adjusting the spring characteristics adjusting mechanism of the cushion unit 30 is formed between the left side leg 46 and the lower edge of the side cover 48. Thus, it is possible to perform adjustment work for spring characteristics easily without removing components.

[0065] In this embodiment, the muffler 36 is arranged on the lower side of the rear seat section 10b and the lock arm 41 is arranged between the muffler 36 and the cushion unit 30. Thus, it is possible to secure a housing space in housing the lock arm 41 in the so-called up-muffler type motorcycle 1. In addition, it is possible to avoid thermal damage from the muffler 36. As a result, it is possible to realize both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness.

[0066] The shielding section 49 for shielding exhaust heat from the muffler 36 is integrally formed in the housing section 19a. Thus, it is possible to avoid thermal damage from the exhaust pipe 35 surely without increasing the number of components.

[0067] The lock arm 41 and the muffler 36 are arranged side by side lengthwise below the seat and never overlap each other. Thus, it is impossible that a seat height increases to deteriorate the feet placing property or thickness of the seat cushion decreases to deteriorate the seating comfortableness. It is possible to realize both the feet placing property and the seating comfortableness. In addition,

since the lock arm 41 and the muffler 36 are arranged side by side lengthwise, it is possible to secure a capacity of the muffler without increasing a vehicle width. Moreover, the muffler is located behind the lock arm placing section. Thus, in constituting a structure for exhausting exhaust gas, it is unnecessary to take into account interference with the lock arm placing section. Therefore, it is possible to simplify the structure for exhausting exhaust gas while adopting the structure in which the lock arm 41 and the muffler 36 are arranged side by side lengthwise.

[0068] In this embodiment, the lock arm 41 is arranged on the lower side of the cross member 25 that couples the left and right seat rails 6, 6. Thus, it is possible to arrange the lock arm 41 using a space, which is generated in order to support the upper end of the cushion unit 30, effectively. Moreover, the lock arm 41 is arranged such that the left arm section 41a passes below a space between the front section 6b and the center section 6c of the seat rail 6. Thus, it is possible to house the lock arm 41 without increasing width of the front section 6b and secure the feed placing property. Note that, although the left arm section 41a is located further on the outer side than the front section 6b of the seat rail 6, the feet placing property is affected less because the left arm section 41a is arranged in a low position.

[0069] Note that, in the embodiment described above, the

lock arm 41 is housed such that the left and right arm sections 41a and 41b are located on the left and right sides of the cushion unit 30. However, in the invention, a lock arm may be housed such that left and right arm sections are located in the front and the rear of a cushion unit in a vehicle, that is, such that the lock arm can be set and removed in a vehicle width direction.